

MODUL 1

Writing 1

Rahmat Budiman, S.S.



INTRODUCTION

Setelah mempelajari modul ini, Anda diharapkan dapat:

1. Mendeskripsikan diri Anda dalam bahasa Inggris tertulis.
2. Mendeskripsikan orang lain dalam bahasa Inggris tertulis.
3. Mendeskripsikan gambar dalam bahasa Inggris tertulis.

KEGIATAN BELAJAR 1

Grammar

Di dalam Kegiatan Belajar 1 ini kita akan membahas:

▫ **Pronouns**

Apakah yang dimaksud dengan *pronouns*?

Perhatikan bagan di bawah ini:

Subject	Object	possessive adjective	possessive pronoun	reflexive pronoun
I	Me	My	Mine	Myself
We	Us	Our	Ours	Ourselves
You(singular)	You	Your	Yours	Yourself
They	Them	Their	Theirs	Themselves
He	Him	His	His	Himself
She	Her	Her	Hers	Herself
It	It	Its	-	Itself
You (plural)	You	Your	Yours	Yourselves

- √ Posisi *subject* berada di awal kalimat:
Contoh: **I** am 25 years old.
She is 45 kilograms.
- √ Posisi *Object* berada setelah *predicate* (*be* atau *verb*)
Contoh: **She** likes me.
The suspect is **her**.
- √ Posisi *Possessive Adjective* selalu mendahului kata benda yang berarti menunjukkan kepemilikan.
Contoh: It is **my** bag.
That is **his** house.
- √ Bentuk kepemilikan lain adalah dengan memakai ‘s disebut *apostrophe s* di belakang kata benda.
Contoh: **Linda’s** hair is black.
Brian’s shoes are expensive.

- √ Catatan: Apabila nama seseorang diakhiri dengan huruf 's' atau 'x' maka tidak perlu lagi menambahkan 's' di akhir kata tersebut.
Contoh: **Hans'** computer is very modern.
Alex' car is very expensive.
- √ *Possessive pronoun* menggantikan kepemilikan dengan catatan bahwa benda yang dimaksud oleh pembicara pertama sudah diketahui oleh pembicara kedua.
Contoh: This is **Paula's** car and that one is **mine**. (my car).
My grammar book is red and **his** is blue.
- √ Seperti halnya pada *possessive adjective*, 's' juga dapat dipakai tetapi benda yang dimaksud tidak perlu lagi di sertakan.
Contoh: (*Eddie is dividing a bar of chocolate with Anita*)
Eddie: "Anita, the red is **mine**, the blue is **yours** and the yellow is your **brother's**."
- √ *Reflexive Pronoun* dapat diartikan ... *sendiri*. Misalnya saya sendiri, dia sendiri dan seterusnya.
Contoh: I do my homework by **myself**.
She comes here by **herself**.
- √ Apabila ada pelakunya dapat ditambahkan kata 'by'. Akan tetapi, bila kita tidak tahu, kita tidak perlu menuliskannya.



EXERCISE

Latihan 1

Tulislah *reflexive pronouns* atau *object pronouns* dalam kalimat-kalimat di bawah ini.

- 1) Maria had a great holiday. She enjoyed herself.
- 2) I have a serious problem. I hope you can help
- 3) 'Can I have another coffee, please?' 'Of course. Help
- 4) His father gives..... some money everyday.
- 5) Our teachers like to talk about

- 6) 'Don't worry about your grandmother, I will take care of
- 7) It is not Susan's mistake. You can't blame
- 8) Let's paint our gate by It will be much better.
- 9) Paul is handsome. Paula loves very much.
- 10) Cindy has a dog. She feeds twice a day.

Latihan 2

Lengkapilah percakapan di bawah ini dengan menggunakan *pronouns*.

Percakapan 1

Alice : Excuse _____. Are _____ Fred Brugman?

Fred : Yes, _____ am.

Alice : Oh, _____ name is Alice Spears.

Fred : How do _____ do?

Alice : How do _____ do?

Percakapan 2

Bob : What is _____ name?

Carla : _____ name is Carla.

Bob : What is _____ hobby?

Carla : _____ hobby is swimming. How about _____?

Bob : _____ hobby is traveling.

Carla : Do _____ travel by _____?

Bob : No, with _____ family.

Carla : See _____, Bob.

Bob : See _____, Carla.

Percakapan 3

Jill : Are _____ Spanish?

Roberto : No. _____ am Italian.

Jill : _____ am sorry. Are both of _____ parents Italians?

Roberto : Yes, _____ are.

Jill : Do you live with _____?

Roberto : Yes, _____ do.

❖ **Have got**

- √ *Have got* sama halnya dengan *have* artinya memiliki atau mempunyai. Kita lebih sering menggunakan *have* dari pada *have got*. Maka, kita dapat mengatakan:
 - *We have got a new teacher* atau *We have a new teacher*
 - *James has got two brothers* atau *James has two brothers*.
- √ Dalam bentuk *interrogative* dan *negative* ada tiga bentuk kemungkinan, lihat penjelasan di bawah ini:

Interrogative	Negative
Have you got any sugar?	I haven't got any sugar.
Do you have any sugar?	I don't have any sugar.
Have you any sugar (<i>jarang dipakai</i>)	I haven't any sugar. (<i>jarang dipakai</i>)
Has she got a job?	She hasn't got a job.
Does she have a job?	She doesn't have a job.
Has she a job? (<i>jarang dipakai</i>)	She hasn't a job. (<i>jarang dipakai</i>)

- √ *Have got* yang berarti ‘memiliki’ (possess) tidak dapat berbentuk Present Continuous Tense.
 Contoh: *I have got toothache.* (Pada saat Anda ini Anda sedang sakit gigi).
She has got backache.
- √ Dalam bentuk *Simple Past*, kata ‘*got*’ tidak disertakan.
 Contoh: *Alex had a boat, when he was in Canada.*
- √ Dalam kalimat negative dan interrogative, bentuk kalimat adalah:
 Contoh: *Did you have many toys when you were a child?*
She did not have television, so she didn't know anything about ‘Si Unyil.’

Latihan 3

Lengkapilah kalimat di bawah ini dengan *have* atau *have got*.

- 1) I can't make a phone call. I haven't got any change.
- 2) Excuse me, _____ a pen I could borrow?
- 3) Mr. Chang _____ (negative) any friends.

- 4) Why are you holding your face like that? _____ a toothache?
- 5) Susan _____ a long curly blond hair.
- 6) My computer _____ a new program.

Latihan 4

Buatlah kalimat dari kata-kata dalam kotak di bawah ini. Anda boleh menggunakan subyek yang berbeda untuk setiap kalimat.

a car	a dog	a guitar	a camera	a bike
Aajob	a computer	a driving license	a boat	a scooter
			a scooter	a harmonica

now

I have got a car

1) _____.

2) _____.

3) _____.

4) _____.

5) _____.

6) _____.

7) _____.

8) _____.

9) _____.

10) _____.

five years ago

I didn't have a car.

• **Language in use**

Buatlah pertanyaan untuk jawaban di bawah ini..

Contoh: 167 centimeters. *How tall are you?*

1) 59 kilograms.

2) My hair is black.

3) I am 23 years old.

4) No, I don't wear glasses.

5) I am punctual and out going.

6) My eyes are grey.

7) Sorry, I don't know.

● **WRITING: Mendeskripsikan diri sendiri**

Bacalah kalimat-kalimat singkat di bawah ini. Kemudian, apakah Anda dapat memperkirakan bentuk fisik orang yang digambarkan dalam kalimat-kalimat tersebut?

- My name is Rahmat Budiman.
- I am an English teacher.
- I am 31 years old. I am 169 centimeters tall and my weight is 59 kilograms.
- I am slim.
- I have got short straight black hair.
- I comb my normal hair tidily.
- My skin is fair.
- My face is oval.
- My eyes are brown and my eyebrows are dark black.
- My nose is straight atau I have got a stright nose.
- I don't have mustache or beard.
- I wear glasses.
- The color of the frame is brown.
- I am friendly, helpful and nice.
- I am good looking.
- I like humor and seeing new people.

Sekarang, cobalah Anda tulis gambaran fisik dan karakter Anda, kemudian berikan kepada teman Anda. Apakah menurut teman Anda, keterangan yang Anda berikan benar-benar merupakan potret diri Anda dalam bentuk tulisan?

Lihatlah keterangan di bawah ini yang berkenaan dengan pendeskripsian diri sendiri atau orang lain. Untuk mengetahui artinya, Anda disarankan membuka kamus.

Height	weight	hair		character	
tall	heavy/thin/fat	curly	dark	friendly	clever
short	solid/heavy side/slim	wavy	light	helpful	outgoing
medium		straight	brown	nice	unfriendly
		long	black	bright	articulate
		red	blond	strict	short-tempered
		grey	kinky		

Latihan 5

Buatlah kalimat dengan subyek 'I' dengan kata-kata di bawah ini:

- 1) (heavy)
- 2) (slim)
- 3) (tall)

Latihan 6

Buatlah kalimat dengan subyek 'I' dengan kata-kata di bawah ini:

- 1) (curly)
- 2) (grey)
- 3) (wavy)

Latihan 7

Susunlah kata-kata di bawah ini menjadi kalimat yang benar.

- 1) name - Susan - . - My - Black - is
- 2) the - in - my - All - class - absent - today - students -.- are
- 3) Main - 235 - Street - . - My - is - address
- 4) States - of - the - George W. Bush - president - United -.- is - the
- 5) is - Mexico -.- She - from

Latihan 8

Buatlah kalimat dari potongan-potongan kata di bawah ini.

- 1) She/an elementary teacher. (*kalimat positive*)
- 2) He/happy. (*Kalimat negative*)
- 3) My parents/from Brazil. (*kalimat positive*)
- 4) Jack/at home/ on Sundays. (*Kalimat negative*)
- 5) You/a student/ of IOLU(Indonesian Open Learning University. (*kalimat Interrogative*)

*Petunjuk Jawaban Latihan*Latihan 1

- 1) herself
- 2) me
- 3) yourself
- 4) him
- 5) themselves

- 6) her
- 7) her
- 8) ourselves
- 9) him
- 10) it

Latihan 2

Percakapan 1

Alice : Excuse *me* Are *you* Fred Brugman?

Fred : Yes, *I* am.

Alice : Oh, *my* name is Alice Spears.

Fred : How do *you* do?

Alice : How do *you* do?

Percakapan 2

Bob : What is *your* name?

Carla : *My* name is Carla.

Bob : What is *your* hobby?

Carla : *My* hobby is swimming. How about *yours*

Bob : *My* hobby is traveling.

Carla : Do *you* travel by *yourself*?

Bob : No, with *my* family.

Carla : See *you* Bob.

Bob : See *you* Carla.

Percakapan 3

Jill : Are *you* Spanish?

Roberto : No. *I* am Italian.

Jill : *I* am sorry. Are both of *your* parents Italians?

Roberto : Yes, *they* are.

Jill : Do you live with *them*?

Roberto : Yes, *I* do.

Latihan 3

- 1) haven't got
- 2) have you got
- 3) hasn't any

- 4) have you got
- 5) has got
- 6) has

Latihan 4

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1) <i>Now</i> | <i>five years ago</i> |
| 2) I have got a car. | I didn't have a car. |
| 3) She has got a dog. | She didn't have a dog. |
| 4) John has got a guitar. | John didn't have a guitar. |
| 5) They have got a camera. | They didn't have a camera. |
| 6) Bill has got a bike. | Bill didn't have a bike. |
| 7) My father has got a job. | My father didn't have a job. |
| 8) You have got a computer. | You didn't have a computer. |
| 9) I have got a driving license. | I didn't have a driving license. |
| 10) Susan has got a boat. | Susan didn't have a boat. |
| 11) My little brother has got a scooter. | My little brother didn't have a scooter. |
| 12) I have got a harmonica. | I didn't have a harmonica. |

LANGUAGE IN USE (alternatif jawaban)

- 1) What do you weigh?
- 2) What is the color of your hair?
- 3) How old are you?
- 4) Do you wear glasses?
- 5) What kind of person are you?
- 6) What is the color of your eyes?
- 7) Do you know what *paparazi* means?

Latihan 5

- 1) I am heavy
- 2) I am slim.
- 3) I am not too tall.

Latihan 6

- 1) I have got curly hair.
- 2) I have got a pair of grey eyes.
- 3) I have got wavy black hair.

Latihan 7

- 1) My name is Susan Black
- 2) All the students in my class are absent today.
- 3) My address is 235 Main Street.
- 4) George W. Bush is the president of the United States.
- 5) She is from Mexico.

Latihan 8

- 1) She is an elementary teacher.
- 2) He is not happy.
- 3) My parents are from Brazil.
- 4) Jack is not at home on Sundays.
- 5) Are you a student of IOLU?



SUMMARY

Pronouns

Subject	Object	possessive adjective	possessive pronouns	reflexive pronouns
I	Me	My	Mine	Myself
We	Us	Our	Ours	Ourselves
You(singular)	You	Your	Yours	Yourself
They	Them	Their	Theirs	Themselves
He	Him	His	His	Himself
She	Her	Her	Hers	Herself
It	It	Its	-	Itself
You (plural)	You	Your	Yours	Yourselves

Have got

Interrogative	Negative
Have you got any sugar?	I haven't got any sugar.
Do you have any sugar?	I don't have any sugar.
Have you any sugar? (jarang dipakai)	I haven't any sugar. (jarang dipakai)
Has she got a job?	She hasn't got a job.
Does she have a job?	She doesn't have a job.
Has she a job? (jarang dipakai)	She hasn't a job. (jarang dipakai)

Contoh:

- 'Have you got a light?' 'Yes, I have. I have got two lights. Here is for you.' atau 'No, I haven't.'
- 'Has Trixie got any sisters?' 'Yes, she is. She's got one.' Atau 'No, she hasn't.'



FORMATIVE TEST 1

Question 1

Isilah bagian yang kosong di bawah ini dengan *pronouns*.

Paul is always busy. (1) _____ works in an office in Jakarta. Paul's friends rarely see (2) _____. When they see (3) _____, (4) _____ is usually very happy. (5) _____ friends like (6) _____ very much. (7) _____ house is always open for everyone.

Paul has a sister. (8) _____ name is Paula. (9) _____ is an actress. (10) _____ movies are very popular. When (11) _____ is in public places, people always say 'hi' to (12) _____ and tell (13) _____ how much (14) _____ like (15) _____ movies.



The students in my English class are interesting. (16) _____ are from different countries. Chu is a Chinese. (17) _____ is from Beijing. (18) _____ English is good. Natasha is Russian. (19) _____ is from Moscow. Everybody likes (20) _____. Roberto and Juan are from Puerto Rico. Sometimes, I can't understand (21) _____ English. (22) _____ are brothers. Ahmad is from Oman. (23) _____ always brings a praying carpet with (24) _____. (25) _____ is made of wool. Nakata and Nakamura are Japanese. (26) _____ can hardly to pronounce 'L'. Budi, Bayu and Wati are from Indonesia. The only thing I remember about (27) _____ is that (28) _____ only want to eat rice.

I teach (29) _____ three times a week. Although I have been teaching the for three months, I like (30) _____ students very much.

Question 2

Susunlah kata-kata di bawah ini menjadi kalimat yang benar dengan menggunakan *has/have got*.

- 1) Have - ice-axe - got - you - an -?
- 2) got - have - Spain - nice - they - a - In - flat - .
- 3) you - a - time - got - Have - ?
- 4) She - beautiful - got - a - voice - has - .
- 5) you - to - ticket - the - got - Have - museum - the - ?
- 6) The - got - secretary - had - an - with - Minister - affair - his - .
- 7) invitation – have - I - got - not - the.
- 8) you - questions - got - any - Have - ?
- 9) got - She - a - has - backache - .
- 10) haven't - They - my - got - lecture- .
- 11) What - from - she - the - has - school - got - ?
- 12) father - My - is - ill, - has - a - he - headache - got - serious - .
- 13) She - birthmark - got - a - has - her - cheek - on - left - .
- 14) got - Has - married - she- ?
- 15) have - children - They - got - any - not - .
- 16) I - got - a - black - Terrano - have - Nissan - .
- 17) The - Netherlands - has - big - suspect - a - got - house - in - .
- 18) got - a - has- *skeleton - the* - Everybody - *on - cupboard* - .
- 19) Have- a - got - light - you -?
- 20) cigarettes - I - got - some - have , - do - some - want - you - ?

Question 3a

Buatlah 10 buah kalimat dari keterangan di bawah ini. Gunakan subyek 'I'.
(Apabila jawaban Anda tidak sama dengan kunci jawaban, Anda tidak perlu khawatir selama jawaban Anda masih benar secara gramatika)

PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION	
Name	: Rowena Atkinson
Address	: 14 Church Streets, California
Age	: 25 years old
Height	: 169 centimeters
Weight	: 45 kilograms
Hair	: curly, black, long
Eyes	: blue
Nose	: straight
Marital status	: single
Nationality	: Canadian

Question 3b

Buatlah 10 buah kalimat dari keterangan di bawah ini. Gunakan subject 'I'.
(Apabila jawaban Anda tidak sama dengan kunci jawaban, Anda tidak perlu khawatir selama jawaban Anda masih benar secara gramatika)

PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION	
Name	: Patric Mboma
Address	: Victoria 345, Victoria.
Age	: 32 years old
Height	: 185 centimeters
Weight	: 77 kilograms
Hair	: kinky, black, short
Eyes	: black
Nose	: straight
Marital status:	married
Nationality	: South African

Feedback and Follow Up

Cocokkanlah jawaban Anda dengan Kunci Jawaban Tes Formatif 1 yang terdapat di bagian akhir modul ini. Hitunglah jawaban yang benar. Kemudian, gunakan rumus berikut untuk mengetahui tingkat penguasaan Anda terhadap materi Kegiatan Belajar 1.

$$\text{Tingkat penguasaan} = \frac{\text{Jumlah Jawaban yang Benar}}{\text{Jumlah Soal}} \times 100\%$$

Arti tingkat penguasaan: 90 - 100% = baik sekali
 80 - 89% = baik
 70 - 79% = cukup
 < 70% = kurang

Apabila mencapai tingkat penguasaan 80% atau lebih, Anda dapat meneruskan dengan Kegiatan Belajar 2. **Bagus!** Jika masih di bawah 80%, Anda harus mengulangi materi Kegiatan Belajar 1, terutama bagian yang belum dikuasai.

KEGIATAN BELAJAR 2

Grammar

◉ Dalam Kegiatan Belajar 2 ini kita akan membahas:

▫ **Present Progressive Tense** atau **Present Continuous Tense**

Present Progressive Tense digunakan untuk menyatakan kegiatan yang sedang berlangsung. Pola kalimatnya lihat penjelasan di bawah ini:

She/He/It + is + verb-ing + object + (now/at the moment/at present)	She is watching television at the moment. Is she watching television at the moment? She is not watching television at the moment.
I + am + verb-ing + object + (now/at the moment/at present)	I am reading a book now. Am I reading a book now? I am not reading a book now.
We/You/They + are + verb-ing + object + (now/at the moment/at present)	We are studying English at present. Are we studying English at present? We are not studying English at present.

Ada beberapa kata yang tidak dapat dibentuk dalam *Present Progressive Tense*. Kata-kata tersebut adalah:

like	love	hate	want	need	prefer	know	realize	suppose
mean	believe	remember	belong	contain	consist	depend	seem	

Contoh:

I am very thirsty. I want something to drink. (bukannya *I am wanting*).

She does not believe in what I said. (bukannya *She is not believing*).



EXERCISE _____

Latihan 1

Isilah bagian yang kosong dalam kalimat di bawah ini dengan menggunakan *Present Progressive Tense*.

- 1) Anne is buying (buy) some vegetables.
- 2) _____ Brad and Tom _____ (wash) their father's car?
- 3) Look! The birds _____ (fly).
- 4) Sam _____ (dance/negative form), he _____ (sing).
- 5) Some animals _____ (run) while others _____ (hide).
- 6) Where _____ they _____ (sleep)?
- 7) The President _____ (smile) to me.
- 8) Rod _____ (ride) his horse.
- 9) My parents _____ (stay/negative form) at home now.
- 10) The dolphins _____ (swim).

Latihan 2

Buatlah sebanyak mungkin kalimat dari gambar berikut ini. Satu contoh sudah diberikan.



Gambar dikutip dari: Vistas An Alternative Course In English Workbook 4 karangan H. Douglas Brown.

- 1) The woman is smoking.
- 2) _____ (dst)

▣ **Article a dan an**

Article a dan an diletakkan di depan kata benda tunggal dapat dihitung (singular countable) yang berarti satu. Article *a* dipakai sebelum huruf yang

berbunyi, **sekali lagi berbunyi konsonan**. Adapun article *an* dipakai sebelum huruf yang berbunyi vokal.

Contoh: **a** bag **a** car
 a house **an** hour
 a university **an** umbrella
 a doctor **an** artist

Latihan 3

Isilah kalimat di bawah ini dengan artikel *a* atau *an*.

- 1) Would you like an apple?
- 2) Cameron is ____ smart girl.
- 3) She got ____ anonymous letter yesterday.
- 4) ____ union needs ____ leader.
- 5) There is ____ small restaurant at the end of the street I live in.
- 6) My father has just got ____ job in a bank in Jakarta.
- 7) ____ hour is too long for me to stay in this class room.
- 8) Mr. White has got ____ hen and ____ rooster.
- 9) ____ cowboy rides ____ horse in a prairie.
- 10) ____ untouchable criminal was killed two days ago.

● **LANGUAGE IN USE**

Lengkapilah kalimat-kalimat di bawah ini dengan kata-kata di dalam kotak.

come	get	happen	look	make	start	stay	try	work
------	-----	--------	------	------	-------	------	-----	------

- 1) ‘You _____ hard today.’ ‘Yes. I have a lot of to do.’
- 2) Ted _____ for Mary. Do you know where she is?
- 3) It _____ cold. Shall I close the windows?
- 4) I haven’t got anywhere to live at the moment. I _____ with Jane until I find somewhere.
- 5) ‘Are you ready, Paul?’ ‘Yes, I _____.’
- 6) Have you got a raincoat? It _____ to rain.
- 7) You _____ a lot of noise. Could you be quieter? I _____ to concentrate.
- 8) Why are those people here? What _____?

• WRITING: Mendeskripsikan seseorang

Perhatikan contoh di bawah ini.

- Cecilia is my friend.
- She is about 165 centimeters and her weight is about 55 kilograms.
- Her face is oval.
- Her eyes are black and so are the eyebrows.
- Her has got long black hair.
- Her skin is fair. She wears glasses.
- The frame is silver.
- She is pretty.
- She is short-tempered.
- She gets angry easily especially if she is offended.
- Her cheeks are red and she has got straight nose.
- At the moment I am wearing white T-shirt and blue jeans.
- She also wears my glasses.

Dari penjelasan di atas, dapatkah Anda membayangkan wajah dan karakter Cecilia?

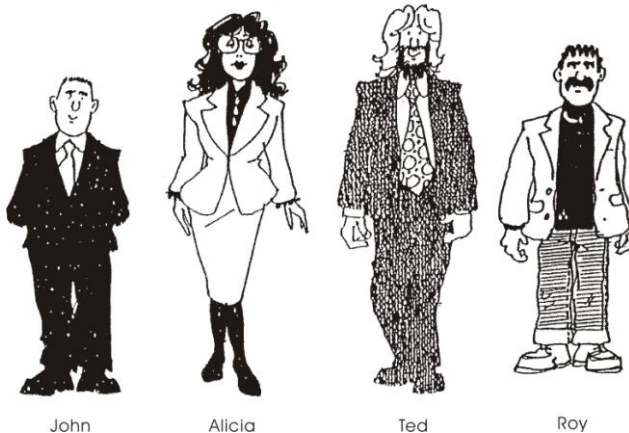
Latihan 4

Tulislah gambaran fisik dan karakter aktor dan aktris di bawah ini. Apabila sudah selesai lihat contoh jawaban di kunci jawaban Kegiatan Belajar 2 ini. Buatlah dalam kalimat-kalimat tersendiri. Kemudian hitung, berapa banyak yang dapat Anda deskripsikan dari ketigatokoh ini.

- 1) Dedy Mizwar
- 2) Gito Rolies
- 3) Tamara Bleszynski

Latihan 5

Untuk membantu Anda cobalah deskripsikan gambar di bawah ini.



Gambar dikutip dari: Play Games With English 1 karangan Colin Granger

Petunjuk Jawaban Latihan

Latihan 1

- 1) is buying
- 2) are washing
- 3) are flying
- 4) is not dancing – is singing
- 5) are running – are hiding
- 6) are sleeping
- 7) is smiling
- 8) is ridding
- 9) are not staying
- 10) are swimming

Latihan 2

- 1) The woman is smoking.
- 2) She is typing.
- 3) She is sitting on a chair.
- 4) A cat is sleeping on the bed.

- 5) There is a pillow on the bed.
- 6) There is a lamp and an alarm clock on a small table.
- 7) There is a guitar near the table.

Latihan 3

- 1) an
- 2) a
- 3) an
- 4) a
- 5) a
- 6) a
- 7) An
- 8) a – a
- 9) A - a
- 10) An

LANGUAGE IN USE

- 1) are working
- 2) is looking
- 3) is getting
- 4) am staying
- 5) am coming
- 6) is starting
- 7) are making – am trying
- 8) is happening

Latihan 4 (alternatif jawaban)

1. Dedi Mizwar

Dedi Mizwar is about 50 years old. He is about 168 centimeters and 70 kilograms. He has got grey mustache. He wears glasses. He has got short grey hair. His eyes are wide and his nose is straight . He has got brown skin.

2. Gito Rollies

He is about 57 years old. He is about 160 centimeters and 60 kilograms. He has got short grey hair. He has got grey beard. He always wears glasses. His nose is straight and his skin is brown.

3. Tamara Beszynski

She is about 25 years old. She is about 175 centimeters and 46 kilograms. She has got long wavy brown hair. Her nose is straight. Her eyes are brown and her skin is white like a European.

Latihan 5 (alternatif jawaban)

John.

- 1) He is about 170 centimeters.
- 2) He is about 70 kilograms.
- 3) He is wearing a black tuxedo.
- 4) He is wearing a white shirt.
- 5) He is wearing a white tie.
- 6) He has got very short dark hair.
- 7) He is wearing a pair of black shoes.

Alicia

- 1) Se is about 180 centimeters.
- 2) He is about 65 kilograms.
- 3) She is wearing white skirt and a blazer.
- 4) She is wearing a black shirt.
- 5) She is wearing a pair of black stocking.
- 6) She has got long wavy dark hair.
- 7) She is wearing glasses.
- 8) She is wearing a pair of black shoes.

Ted

- 1) He is about 180 centimeters.
- 2) He is about 80 kilograms.
- 3) He is wearing a grey tuxedo.
- 4) He is wearing a white shirt.
- 5) He is wearing a colored tie.
- 6) He has got long blond hair.
- 7) He is wearing a pair of black shoes.
- 8) He has got black mustache and beard.

Roy

- 1) He is about 170 centimeters.
- 2) He is about 70 kilograms.
- 3) He is wearing a white jacket.
- 4) He is wearing a black T-shirt.
- 5) He is wearing jeans.
- 6) He has got very short dark hair.
- 7) He has got a black mustache.
- 8) He is wearing a pair of white sport shoes.



SUMMARY

I am drinking - she is dancing.

She/He/It + is + verb-ing + object + (now/at the moment/at present)	She is watching television at the moment. Is she watching television at the moment? She is not watching television at the moment.
I + am + verb-ing + object + (now/at the moment/at present)	I am reading a book now. Am I reading a book now? I am not reading a book now.
We/You/They + are + verb-ing + object + (now/at the moment/at present)	We are studying English at present. Are we studying English at present? We are not studying English at present.

Kata-kata yang tidak dapat dibentuk dalam *Present Progressive Tense*

Like	love	hate	want	need	prefer	know	realize	suppose
mean	believe	remember	belong	contain	consist	depend	seem	

Contoh:

Tina hates her sister.

A book An hour

Article *a* dan *an* diletakkan di depan kata benda tunggal dapat dihitung (singular countable) yang berarti satu. Article *a* dipakai sebelum huruf yang berbunyi, **sekali lagi berbunyi**, huruf konsonan. Adapun article *an* dipakai sebelum huruf yang berbunyi vokal.

Contoh: a bag a car
 a house an hour
 a university an umbrella



FORMATIVE TEST 2

Question 1

Isilah bagian yang kosong di bawah ini dengan menggunakan *Present Continuous Tense*.

- 1) Anita _____ (read) a novel at the moment.
- 2) Some students in my class _____ (take) the final examination.
- 3) Robert _____ (not/attend) the wedding ceremony.
- 4) _____ Blake _____ (arrange) the program?
- 5) The Sun _____ (shine).
- 6) Pam _____ (not/prepare) her dinner.
- 7) _____ Joe _____ (submit) his report?
- 8) Sue _____ (not/polish) her shoes.
- 9) Dan _____ (reply) his friend's letter.
- 10) _____ Maria and Sam _____ (date)?
- 11) A robber _____ (bind) his victim to a tree.
- 12) Stephen Hawkins _____ (tear) his love letter.
- 13) Some employees _____ (strike) in front of a factory.
- 14) She _____ (spend) too much money on food.
- 15) _____ Sony and Jerry _____ (admire) my new necklace?
- 16) Juan _____ (not/celebrate) his birthday.
- 17) The ship _____ (sail) to Buenos Aires.
- 18) The guards _____ (catch) the prisoners.
- 19) _____ the secretary _____ (file) all documents?

- 20) The new president _____ (not/deliver) speech. He _____ (chat).

Question 2

Isilah kalimat di bawah ini dengan article *a* atau *an*

- 1) ___ bug is ___ animal.
- 2) The sales said that this was ___ unbreakable bucket.
- 3) There was ___ accident near my house last night.
- 4) Mark is ___ European.
- 5) Mona is waiting ___ taxi.
- 6) Can you give me ___ example?
- 7) When I was ___ child, I lived in ___ island.
- 8) They sheltered under ___ hut during ___ heavy rain.
- 9) We had lunch in ___ Indian restaurant.
- 10) They stayed in ___ expensive hotel.
- 11) ___ undercover detective was shot last night.
- 12) Johnson bought ___ jug.
- 13) ___ university student is smarter than ___ high school student.
- 14) Her father was ___ dentist.
- 15) My grandparents live in ___ old house.
- 16) ___ UNAMET soldier was arrested in Kupang.
- 17) ___ hour is too long for ___ horse to race.
- 18) I need ___ hammer to repair the door.
- 19) Ann works in ___ bank.
- 20) She is buying ___ hat and ___ umbrella.

Question 3a

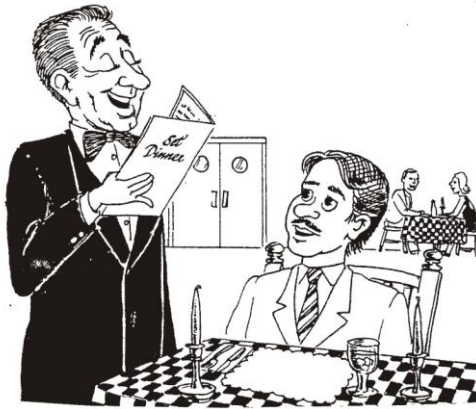
Deskripsikan gambar di bawah ini dengan gaya bahasa Anda. Tulislah dalam bentuk paragraf.



Gambar dikutip dari: International Expressways Intermediate Level
Karangan Steven J. Molinsky dan Bill Bliss

Question 3b

Deskripsikan gambar di bawah ini dengan gaya bahasa Anda. Tulislah dalam bentuk paragraf.



Gambar dikutip dari: International Expressways Intermediate Level
Karangan Steven J. Molinsky dan Bill Bliss

Feedback and Follow Up

Cocokkanlah jawaban Anda dengan Kunci Jawaban Tes Formatif 2 yang terdapat di bagian akhir modul ini. Hitunglah jawaban yang benar. Kemudian, gunakan rumus berikut untuk mengetahui tingkat penguasaan Anda terhadap materi Kegiatan Belajar 2.

$$\text{Tingkat penguasaan} = \frac{\text{Jumlah Jawaban yang Benar}}{\text{Jumlah Soal}} \times 100\%$$

Arti tingkat penguasaan: 90 - 100% = baik sekali
80 - 89% = baik
70 - 79% = cukup
< 70% = kurang

Apabila mencapai tingkat penguasaan 80% atau lebih, Anda dapat meneruskan dengan Kegiatan Belajar 3. **Bagus!** Jika masih di bawah 80%, Anda harus mengulangi materi Kegiatan Belajar 2, terutama bagian yang belum dikuasai.

KEGIATAN BELAJAR 3

Grammar

◉ Dalam Kegiatan Belajar 3 ini kita akan membahas:

▣ **There is** dan **There are**

Sebelum kita membahas *There is* dan *There are*, perlu diketahui bahwa arti dari keduanya adalah ‘ada.’ Seringkali *There is* dan *There are* ini diterjemahkan dalam bahasa Indonesia dengan ‘di sini dan di sana’.

There is diikuti oleh kata benda tunggal baik *countable* ataupun *uncountable*.

Contoh : **There is** a man under a tree.

There is some water on the floor.

There are diikuti oleh kata benda jamak

Contoh: **There are** ten students in the class.

There are some glasses on the table.



EXERCISE _____

Latihan 1

Isilah bagian yang kosong dalam kalimat-kalimat di bawah ini dengan *there is* atau *there are*.

- 1) _____ an accident in Kelapa Gading Boulevard.
- 2) The journey is too a long. _____ a lot of traffic.
- 3) ‘ _____ a cinema near here?’
- 4) This soup is too salty. _____ too many salt in the soup.
- 5) The shop is very crowded. _____ many people.
- 6) ‘Watch out! _____ some oil on the floor.’
- 7) _____ an ice cone in the refrigerator.
- 8) _____ nothing on television, so I turn it off.
- 9) ‘ _____ any questions?’
- 10) _____ sisters, brothers, uncle and aunt on Kijang.

Latihan 2

Isilah bagian yang kosong dalam kalimat di bawah ini dengan *is there* atau *are there*.

- 1) ' _____ a big dining room?' 'Yes, _____'
- 2) ' _____ an attic ?' 'No, _____'
- 3) ' _____ closets?' 'Yes, _____'
- 4) ' _____ schools in the area?' 'Yes, _____'
- 5) ' _____ post office nearby?' 'No, _____'
- 6) ' _____ money changers?' 'Yes, _____'
- 7) ' _____ parks?' 'No, _____'
- 8) ' _____ a police station?' 'Yes, _____'
- 9) ' _____ shops?' 'Yes, _____'
- 10) ' _____ a kindergarten?' 'No, _____'

▣ **Regular dan irregular countable nouns**

Regular nouns		Irregular nouns	
singular	plural	singular	plural
Bag	Bags	Child	Children
Dog	Dogs	Man	Men
Baby	Babies	Woman	Women
Piano	Pianos	Mouse	Mice
Tomato	Tomatoes	Foot	Feet
Donkey	Donkeys	Ox	Oxen
Cliff	Cliffs	Louse	Lice
Photo	Photos	Goose	Geese
		Tooth	Teeth
		Crisis	Crises
		Basis	Bases
		Datum	Data
		Thesis	Theses
		Memorandum	Memoranda
		Man	Men
		Phenomenon	Phenomena
		Wolf	Wolves
		Knife	Knives
		Deer	Deer
		Sheep	Sheep
		Woman	Women

Contoh:

I have a photo. Al has three photos.

Dan has a deer. Susie has deer. (more than one deer)
 Robert eats a banana everyday. Pat eats bananas everyday.
 It is a new phenomenon. There are new phenomena.

Uncountable nouns tidak dapat didahului oleh artikel *a/an* kecuali benda yang dimaksudkan berada dalam suatu tempat/wadah:

Contoh:

I eat rice everyday. *tetapi* I eat **a bowl of rice** everyday.
 Sam brings is carrying **sand** on his shoulder. *tetapi* Sam is carrying **a sack of sand** on his shoulder.

Uncountable nouns selalu diikuti oleh *There is*.

Contoh:

There is blood on your shirt.
 Watch out! **There is** water on the floor.

Latihan 3

Lengkapilah kalimat-kalimat di bawah ini dengan kata-kata yang ada dalam boks. Beberapa kata dapat berbentuk plural (-s)

air	country	month	friend	meat	language	letter	people
photograph		queue	space				

- 1) She has a camera but she doesn't take many _____
- 2) There are twelve _____ in a year.
- 3) Sue is a vegetarian. She does not eat _____
- 4) Out side the studio there was _____ of people wanting to see Ricky Martin.
- 5) My sister is not good at writing _____
- 6) Yesterday, I went out with some _____ of mine.
- 7) There were very few _____ in the post office today. They were almost empty.
- 8) I need to go out. I need some fresh _____
- 9) Do you speak any foreign _____?

- 10) Greg travels a lot. He has been to many _____
 11) Our house is very small. We haven't got so much _____

Latihan 4

Berilah garis bawah pada jawaban yang benar

- 1) My mother has got three (children, child)
- 2) A (data, datum) is not enough to solve the problem.
- 3) There are a lot of (mouse, mice) in that old house.
- 4) I found a (photo, photos) under my sister's bed last night.
- 5) She brushes her (tooth, teeth) twice a day.
- 6) Joe is a watch collector, he has many (watches, watch).
- 7) Polygamy is a man with two (wife, wives) or more.
- 8) I go to my campus on (feet, foot).
- 9) A hunter shot two (deers, deer).
- 10) A (goose, geese) is swimming on a lake.

• LANGUAGE IN USE

Pasangkanlah jawaban-jawaban untuk pertanyaan berikut ini.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1) Can you pass me a knife? | A. Yes, I did. |
| 2) Have you got a light? | B. I'm having a shower. |
| 3) Are you hungry? | C. No, he is not. |
| 4) What are you doing? | D. Yes. Of course. Here you are. |
| 5) How are you? | E. Yes, I do. |
| 6) Do you like classical music? | F. Oh, yes please. |
| 7) Would you like a sweet? | G. Yes, I have. Here you are. |
| 8) Did you sleep well? | H. No, I am not. |
| 9) Shall I answer the phone? | I. No, thank you. |
| 10) Is he an architect? | J. I'm very well, thank you. |

_____ 1=D _____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

● **WRITING: Mendeskripsikan gambar**

Pada Kegiatan Belajar 3 ini Anda akan berlatih mendeskripsikan gambar.

Perhatikan contoh di bawah ini. Bacalah kalimat-kalimat di bawah ini terlebih dahulu, kemudian bandingkan dengan apa yang ada pada gambar.

There are two children in their bedroom.

They are playing card.

They are also watching television.

They are sitting on the bed.

It is raining outside.

The boy is wearing T-shirt and jeans.

The girl is wearing shirt and jeans.

She is also wearing shoes.

Inilah gambar yang dimaksud.



Gambar dikutip dari: Side by Side Book 1. Karangan Stephen J. Molinsky & Bill Bliss.

Latihan 4

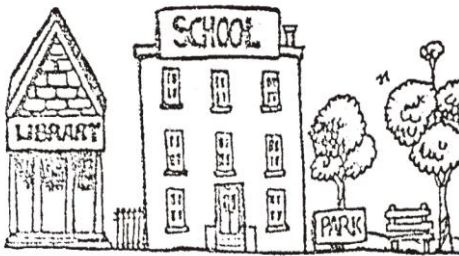
Cobalah deskripsikan gambar di bawah ini dalam kalimat-kalimat pendek.

Gambar 1



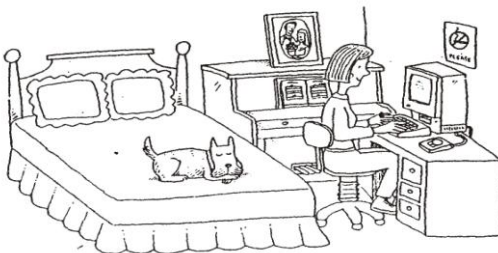
Gambar dikutip dari: Side by Side Book 1. Karangan Stephen J. Molinsky & Bill Bliss.

Gambar 2



Gambar dikutip dari: Side by Side Book 1. Karangan Stephen J. J. Molinsky & Bill Bliss.

Gambar 3



Gambar dikutip dari: Vistas An Interactive Course in English Workbook 4
Karangan H. Douglas Brown

Petunjuk Jawaban Latihan

Latihan 1

- 1) There is
- 2) There is
- 3) Is there
- 4) there is
- 5) there are
- 6) there is
- 7) There is
- 8) There is
- 9) Are there
- 10) There are

Latihan 2

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1) 'Is there a big dining room?' | 'Yes, there is' |
| 2) 'Is there an attic?' | 'No, there isn't' |
| 3) 'Are there closets?' | 'Yes, there are' |
| 4) 'Are there schools in the area?' | 'Yes, there are' |
| 5) 'Is there post office nearby?' | 'No, there isn't' |
| 6) 'Are there money changers?' | 'Yes, there are' |
| 7) 'Are there parks?' | 'No, there aren't' |
| 8) 'Is there a police station?' | 'Yes, there is' |
| 9) 'Are there shops?' | 'Yes, there are' |
| 10) 'Is there a kindergarten?' | 'No, there isn't' |

Latihan 3

- 1) photographs
- 2) months
- 3) meat
- 4) queue
- 5) letters
- 6) friends
- 7) people
- 8) air
- 9) languages
- 10) countries
- 11) space

Latihan 4

- 1) children
- 2) datum
- 3) mice
- 4) photo
- 5) teeth
- 6) watches
- 7) wives
- 8) foot
- 9) deer
- 10) goose

LANGUAGE IN USE

- 1) D
- 2) G
- 3) H
- 4) B
- 5) J
- 6) E
- 7) I
- 8) A
- 9) F
- 10) C

Latihan 5 (alternatif jawaban)

Gambar 1

- 1) There are two people on the picture, a man and a woman.
- 2) The woman is talking to the man.
- 3) It is in an office.
- 4) It is at five past nine.
- 5) There is a telephone and some papers on the desk.
- 6) There is a clock on the wall.
- 7) There are two pictures on the wall.
- 8) There is a filing cabinet behind the woman.
- 9) There is a photograph on the filing cabinet.
- 10) The woman is holding a paper.
- 11) The man is listening to the woman.

- 12) The woman has got short kinky black hair.
- 13) She is wearing white dress.
- 14) The man has got short blonde straight hair.
- 15) He has got mustache.
- 16) He is wearing white tuxedo.
- 17) He is wearing a tie.

Gambar 2

- 1) There are two buildings on the picture.
- 2) The building on the left is a library.
- 3) There is school on the right side of the library.
- 4) The school has three floors.
- 5) There are eight windows on the front side.
- 6) There is a park on the right side of the school.
- 7) There are two trees and a bench in it.

Gambar 3

- 1) The woman is typing on computer.
- 2) She is sitting on a chair.
- 3) She is wearing white T-shirt and white trousers.
- 4) She is wearing white sport shoes.
- 5) She has got short straight blonde hair.
- 6) There is a piano in the room.
- 7) There is a picture on the piano.
- 8) There is a dog on the bed.
- 9) The dog is sleeping.
- 10) There are two pillows on the bed.



SUMMARY

There is a book on the table.

There is diikuti oleh benda tunggal (singular countable atau uncountable nouns).

Contoh: There is a boy under a tree.

There is some rice on your left cheek.

Is there a pen on your pocket? Yes, there is atau No, there is not.

There is not (isn't) any sugar in the can.

There are diikuti benda jamak (countable nouns)

Contoh: There are children under a tree.

Are there children under a tree? Yes, there are atau No, there are not

There are not (aren't) children under a tree.

There is a mouse. There are three mice.

Regular nouns		Irregular nouns	
singular	plural	singular	plural
Bag	Bags	Child	Children
Dog	Dogs	Man	Men
Baby	Babies	Woman	Women
Piano	Pianos	Mouse	Mice
Tomato	Tomatoes	Foot	Feet
Donkey	Donkeys	Ox	Oxen
Cliff	Cliffs	Louse	Lice
Photo	Photos	Goose	Geese
		Tooth	Teeth
		Crisis	Crisises
		Basis	Bases
		Datum	Data
		Thesis	Theses
		Memorandum	Memoranda
		Man	Men
		Phenomenon	Phenomena
		Wolf	Wolves
		Knife	Knives
		Deer	Deer
		Sheep	Sheep
		Woman	Women



FORMATIVE TEST 3

Question 1

Lengkapilah bagian yang kosong dalam kalimat di bawah ini dengan *there is* atau *there are* serta *regular* atau *irregular nouns*.

- 1) _____ a new _____ (restaurant) in Admiral Bone Street.
- 2) _____ any _____ (school) nearby?
- 3) _____ a lot of _____ (violence) on television.

- 4) _____ a _____ (light) on. Someone must turn it off.
- 5) _____ (not) any _____ (bone) on the ground .
- 6) _____ a lot of _____ (mouse) in the warehouse.
- 7) I want to go to the museum but _____ (not) enough time.
- 8) _____ a lot of _____ (problem) in my head.
- 9) _____ a lot of _____ (traffic jam) along Jalan Sudirman and Gatot Subroto.
- 10) _____ some _____ (fly) in the kitchen.
- 11) _____ (not) any _____ (horse) in the stable.
- 12) _____ a _____ (balcony)?
- 13) How many _____ (dog) _____?
- 14) _____ (deer) in the park.
- 15) _____ a _____ (hole) on my _____ (tooth).
- 16) _____ two _____ (woman) in the office.
- 17) How much _____ (floor) _____ ?
- 18) _____ a _____ (fireplace) in the living room.
- 19) _____ (not) any _____ (supermarket) in this area.
- 20) _____ some _____ (salt) on the tablecloth.

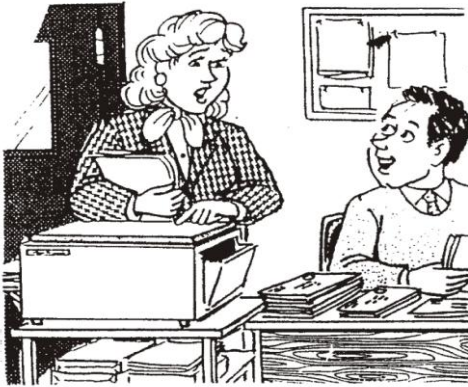
Question 2

- 1) Garis bawahilah jawaban yang paling tepat.
- 2) She is going to buy some new (shoes/shoe)
- 3) I found a (mice/mouse) in the cupboard.
- 4) She has big blue (eye/eyes).
- 5) They have some very nice (furnitures/furniture) in their house.
- 6) Those (woman/women) are our best customers.
- 7) Would you like some (apple/apples)?
- 8) Pam has got black (hair/hairs).
- 9) I go to school on (foot/feet).
- 10) Some (letter/letters) on this page are missing.
- 11) Do you have any (cheeses/cheese)?
- 12) She is married and she has three (children/childs).
- 13) These (scissor/scissors) are very sharp.
- 14) The two (men/man) are quarreling.
- 15) She has a (brother/brothers) and two (sisters/sister).
- 16) There are a lot of (pajamas/pajama) on the shelf.
- 17) I put on (shocks/shock).

- 18) Our first president had more than one (wifes/wives).
- 19) I brush my (tooth/teeth) everyday.
- 20) (Leafes/Leaves) are falling from the tree.
- 21) I grilled some (potatos/potatoes).

Question 3a

Deskripsikan gambar di bawah ini dengan kata-kata Anda sendiri. Buatlah kalimat-kalimat dalam bentuk paragraf.



Gambar dikutip dari: International Expressways Intermediate Level
Karangan Steven J. Molinsky dan Bill Bliss

Question 3b

Deskripsikan gambar di bawah ini dengan kata-kata Anda sendiri. Buatlah kalimat-kalimat yang Anda buat dalam bentuk paragraf.



Gambar dikutip dari: International Expressways Intermediate Level
Karangan Steven J. Molinsky dan Bill Bliss

Feedback and Follow Up

Cocokkanlah jawaban Anda dengan Kunci Jawaban Tes Formatif 3 yang terdapat di bagian akhir modul ini. Hitunglah jawaban yang benar. Kemudian, gunakan rumus berikut untuk mengetahui tingkat penguasaan Anda terhadap materi Kegiatan Belajar 3.

$$\text{Tingkat penguasaan} = \frac{\text{Jumlah Jawaban yang Benar}}{\text{Jumlah Soal}} \times 100\%$$

Arti tingkat penguasaan: 90 - 100% = baik sekali
 80 - 89% = baik
 70 - 79% = cukup
 < 70% = kurang

Apabila mencapai tingkat penguasaan 80% atau lebih, Anda dapat meneruskan dengan modul selanjutnya. **Bagus!** Jika masih di bawah 80%, Anda harus mengulangi materi Kegiatan Belajar 3, terutama bagian yang belum dikuasai.

Kunci Jawaban Tes Formatif

Tes Formatif 1

Question 1

- 1) He
- 2) him
- 3) him
- 4) he
- 5) His
- 6) Him
- 7) His
- 8) Her
- 9) She
- 10) Her
- 11) She
- 12) her
- 13) her
- 14) they
- 15) her
- 16) They
- 17) He
- 18) His
- 19) She
- 20) Her
- 21) Their
- 22) They
- 23) He
- 24) Him
- 25) It
- 26) They
- 27) them
- 28) they
- 29) them
- 30) my

Question 2

- 1) Have you got an ice-axe?
- 2) In Spain they have got a nice flat.
- 3) Have you got a time?
- 4) She has got a beautiful voice.
- 5) Have you got the ticket to the museum?
- 6) The Minister had got an affair with his secretary.
- 7) I have not got the invitation.
- 8) Have you got any questions?
- 9) She has got a backache.
- 10) They haven't got my lecture.
- 11) What has she got from the school?
- 12) My father is ill, he has got a serious headache.
- 13) She has got a birthmark on her left cheek.
- 14) Has she got married?
- 15) They have not got any children.
- 16) I have got a Black Nissan Terrano.
- 17) The suspect has got a big house in Netherlands.
- 18) Everybody has got *a skeleton on the cupboard*.
- 19) Have you got a light?
- 20) I have got some cigarettes, do you want some?

Question 3a (alternatif jawaban)

- 1) My name is Rowena Atkinson.
- 2) I live at 14 Church Street, California.
- 3) I am 25 years old.
- 4) I am 169 centimeters.
- 5) My weight is 45 kilograms.
- 6) My hair is long curly and black .
- 7) My eyes are blue.
- 8) My nose is straight.
- 9) I am single.
- 10) I am from Canada.

Question 3b (alternatif jawaban)

- 1) My name is Patric Mboma.
- 2) I live at Victoria 345, Victoria.
- 3) I am 32 years old.

- 4) I am 185 centimeters.
- 5) My weight is 77 kilograms.
- 6) I have short black kinky hair.
- 7) My eyes are black
- 8) My nose is straight.
- 9) I am married.
- 10) My country is South Africa.

Tes Formatif 2

Question 1

- 1) is reading
- 2) are taking
- 3) is not attending
- 4) Is-arranging
- 5) is shining
- 6) is not preparing
- 7) Is – submitting
- 8) is not polishing
- 9) is replying
- 10) Are - dating
- 11) is binding
- 12) is tearing
- 13) are striking
- 14) Is spending
- 15) Are - admiring
- 16) is not celebrating
- 17) is sailing
- 18) are catching
- 19) Is - filing
- 20) is not delivering – is – chatting

Question 2

- 1) A – an
- 2) an
- 3) an
- 4) an
- 5) a

- 6) an
- 7) a – an
- 8) a – a
- 9) an
- 10) an
- 11) An
- 12) a
- 13) A – a
- 14) a
- 15) an
- 16) An
- 17) An - a
- 18) a
- 19) a
- 20) a – an

Question 3a (alternatif jawaban)

There are two people on the picture, a man and a woman. They are wearing white shirts, aprons, and cook hats. They are making cakes. The woman is mixing a bowl of dough. The man is adding some liquid into a bowl. They are happy. There are three pans behind them.

Question 3b (alternatif jawaban)

A man is ordering some food. The waiter is helping him choose the food. The man is sitting on a chair by himself. He is going to have dinner. There are two candles on the right and the left, a glass and a table-napkin. The man is wearing white suit and a striped tie. He has got black mustache and short black hair. He is talking to the waiter.

The waiter is standing on the right side of the man. He is wearing black suit and a black bow-tie. He is holding a menu book. He is explaining the menu to the man. He has got very short dark hair. He is older than the man.

There are a man and a woman behind them. They are having dinner. The man is wearing white suit and the woman is wearing black nightgown.

*Tes Formatif 3*Question 1

- 1) There is - restaurant
- 2) Are there - schools
- 3) There is - violence
- 4) There is - light
- 5) There are not - bones
- 6) There are - mice
- 7) there is not
- 8) There are - problems
- 9) There is – traffic jam
- 10) There are flies
- 11) There are not - horses
- 12) There is - balcony
- 13) dogs – are there
- 14) There are - deer
- 15) There is – hole - tooth
- 16) There are - women
- 17) floors – are there
- 18) There is - fireplace
- 19) There are not - supermarkets
- 20) There is - salt

Question 2

- 1) shoes
- 2) mouse
- 3) eyes
- 4) furniture
- 5) women
- 6) apples
- 7) hair
- 8) foot
- 9) letters
- 10) cheese
- 11) children
- 12) scissors
- 13) men

- 14) brother – sisters
- 15) pajamas
- 16) shocks
- 17) wives
- 18) teeth
- 19) leaves
- 20) potatoes

Question 3a (alternatif jawaban)

It is an office. The woman is going to copy. She is holding some papers. She is asking the man about the copy machine. The man is answering the woman's question. The woman is standing near the copy machine while the man is sitting on a chair. The woman is wearing striped blazer and white blouse with white scarf. She has got long wavy blond hair. She is also wearing earrings.

The man is wearing white shirt, a tie and a colored sweater. He has got short straight black hair. He is holding some papers. There are some envelopes on the desk.

Under the copy machine, there are some folders. On the wall, behind the man, there is an information board.

Question 3b (alternatif jawaban)

It is in a television shop. Two men are talking about the TV on the shelf. The customer is wearing a grey polo shirt, black belt, and a watch. He is standing on the right. He has got mustache, and short straight black hair.

The shop keeper is wearing striped suit, shirt, a striped tie, and glasses. He has got short straight black hair. He is explaining something to the customer. Behind the two men, there are some televisions on the shelf.

Daftar Pustaka

Brown, H. Douglas. (1993). *Vistas An Alternative Course in English Work Book 4*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall Regents.

Frank, Marcella. (1972). *Modern English Exercises For Non-native Speaker*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall Regents.

Fulbright Scholarship Program Preliminary Application Form, (2002).

Granger, Colin. (1993). *Play Games with English 1*. Scotland: Thomson Litho.

Molisnky, Stephen J. and Bill Bliss. (1989). *International Expressways*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall Regents.

_____. (1989). *Side by Side Book 1*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall Regents.

O'neal, Robert, Ray Kingsbury, and Tony Yeadon. (1977). *Kernel Lessons. Intermediate Students' Book*. Hong Kong: Yu Luen Offset Printing Factory Ltd.

Richard, Jack C., *Jonathan Hull and Susan Proctor: Interchange English for Communication, Material for Pre-Intermediate*.

Segal, Margaret Keenan, and Cheryl Pavlik: *Interactions I A Writing Process Book*.